COURT No.2 ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL PRINCIPAL BENCH: NEW DELHI

4.

OA 925/2025 with MA 1445/2025

Gp Capt Priya Darshan Tiwari (Retd) Applicant

VERSUS

Union of India and Ors. Respondents

For Applicant : Mr. Brajesh Kumar, Advocate

For Respondents : None

Sqn Ld. A.K. Nautiyal, Legal Cell

CORAM

HON'BLE MS. JUSTICE ANU MALHOTRA, MEMBER (J) HON'BLE MS. RASIKA CHAUBE, MEMBER (A)

> ORDER 07.04.2025

MA 1445/2025 has been filed on behalf of the applicant seeking condonation of 260 days delay in filing the present OA for reasons mentioned therein. In the interest of justice, in view of the judgments of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of UoI & Ors Vs Tarsem Singh (2008) 8 SCC 648 and in Ex Sep Chain Singh Thr LR. Dhaneshwari Devi Vs Union of India & Ors in Civil Appeal No. 022965/2017 arising out of Civil Appeal Diary No. 30073/2017 and the reasons mentioned, the MA 1445/2025 is allowed and the delay of 260 days in filing the OA is thus condoned. The MA is disposed of accordingly.

OA 925/2025

- 2. The applicant vide the present OA makes the following prayers:-
 - (a) To direct the respondent to grant benefit of first revision of OROP to the applicant wef 01.07.2024 and consequential benefit arising therefrom.
 - (b) To direct the respondent to give arrears to the applicant @ 12% interest thereon.

- (c) To direct the respondent to issue fresh PPO in accordance with increased pension after granting benefit of revision of OROPs dated 01.07.2024.
- (d) To pass any other order or direction in favour of applicant which may be deemed just and proper under the facts and circumstances of this case in the interest of justice.
- 3. Notice of the OA is issued to the respondents and accepted on their behalf. The applicant was commissioned in the Indian Air Force on 30.05.1994 and was discharged from service on 15.07.2022 at his own request after rendering 28 years 01 months and 17 days of service and as a consequence thereof of his having taken premature retirement, the applicant has been denied OROP benefits.
- 4. The matter in issue is no more *res integra* in view of the orders of this Tribunal in OA 313/2022 vide Paras 83 and 84 thereof, whereby it has been observed to the effect:-
 - *483.* Pensioners form a common category as indicated in detail hereinabove. PMR personnel who qualify for pension are also included in this general category. The pension regulations and rules applicable to PMR personnel who qualify for pension are similar to that of a regular pensioner retiring on superannuation or on conclusion of his terms of appointment. However, now by applying the policy dated 07.11.2015 with a stipulation henceforth, the prospective application would mean that a right created to PMR pensioner, prior to the issue of impugned policy is taken away in the matter of grant of benefit of OROP. This will result in, a vested right available to a PMR personnel to receive pension at par with a regular pensioner, being taken away in the course implementation of the OROP scheme as per impugned from creating a differentiation policy. Apart homogeneous class, taking away of this vested right available to a PMR personnel, violates mandate of the law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in various cases i.e. Ex-Major N.C. Singhal vs. Director General Armed

Forces Medical Services (1972) 4 SCC 765, Ex. Capt. K.C. Arora and Another Vs. State of Haryana and Others (1984) 3 SCC 281 and this also makes the action of the respondents unsustainable in law.

84. Even if for the sake of argument it is taken note of that there were some difference between the aforesaid categories, but the personnel who opted for PMR forming a homogenous class; and once it is found that every person in the Army, Navy and the Air Force who seeks PMR forms a homogenous category in the matter of granting benefit of OROP, for such personnel no policy can be formulated which creates differentiation in this homogeneous class based on the date and time of their seeking PMR. The policy in question impugned before us infact bifurcates the PMR personnel into three categories; viz pre 01.07.2014 personnel, those personnel who took PMR between 01.07.2014 and 06.11.2015 and personnel who took PMR on or after 07.11.2015. Merely based on the dates as indicated hereinabove, differentiating in the same category of PMR personnel without any just cause or reason and without establishing any nexus as what purpose it had been done, we have holding that this amounts to violating hesitation in available the rights to the PMR personnel Articles 14 and 16 of the Constitution as well as hit by the principles of law laid down by Supreme Court in the matter of fixing the cut off date and creating differentiation in a homogeneous class terms of the judgment of D.S. Nakara (supra) and the law consistently laid down thereinafter and, therefore, we hold that the provisions contained in para 4 of the dated 07.11.2015 is discriminatory in policy letter violates Article 14 of the Constitution and, nature, unsustainable in *law* therefore, is and cannot strike it down and direct implemented and we that in the matter of grant of OROP benefit to personnel, they be treated uniformly and the benefit of the scheme of OROP be granted to them without

any discrimination in the matter of extending the benefit to certain persons only and excluding others like the applicants on the basis of fixing cut off dates as indicated in this order. The OAs are allowed and disposed of without any order as to costs."

5. Furthermore, vide the verdict of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in *Lt. Col. Suprita Chandel* vs. *Union of India* (Civil Appeal No. 1943/2022) whereby vide Paras 14 and 15, it has been directed to the effect:-

"14. It is a well settled principle of law that where a citizen is aggrieved by an action of the government department has approached the court and obtained a declaration of law in his/her favour, others similarly situated ought to be extended the benefit without the need for them to go to court. [See <u>Amrit Lal Berry vs. Collector of Central Excise</u>, New Delhi and Others, (1975) 4 SCC 714]

15. In K.I. Shephard and Others vs. Union of India and Others, (1987) 4 SCC 431, this Court while reinforcing the above principle held as under:-

"19. The writ petitions and the appeals must succeed. We set aside the impugned judgments of the Single Judge and Division Bench of the Kerala High Court and direct that each of the three transferee banks should take over the excluded employees on the same terms and conditions of employment under the respective banking companies prior to amalgamation. employees would be entitled to the benefit of continuity of service for all purposes including salary and perks throughout the period. We leave it open to the transferee banks to take such action as they consider proper against these employees in accordance with law. Some of the excluded employees have not come to court. There is no justification to penalise them for not having litigated. They too shall be entitled to the same benefits as the petitioners."

Thus, the applicant who is similarly situated as the applicants of

OA 313/2022 before the AFT(PB) New Delhi is entitled to similar

relief.

6. A submission is made on behalf of the respondents that the

RA has been filed against the order dated 31.01.2025 this

Tribunal in OA 313/2022 of the AFT(PB) in the case of Cdr

Gaurav Mehra (Retd.) & Ors. Vs. Union of India & Ors. Be that as

it may, there is nothing to indicate nor is it contended nor

submitted in any manner on the record, that there is any stay of

the order dated 31.01.2025 in OA 313/2022 of the AFT(PB)

New Delhi.

7. In view thereof, the applicant is entitled to the grant of

OROP benefits to the extent as granted vide order dated

31.01.2025 in Cdr Gaurav Mehra (Retd.) & Ors. Vs. Union of

India & Ors. in OA 313/2022 of the AFT (PB) New Delhi, subject

to verification of the date of discharge and nature of discharge of

the applicant being premature voluntary retirement, which the

respondents are directed to grant to the applicant.

8. The OA 925/2025 is disposed of accordingly.

(JUSTICE ANU MALHOTRA)

MEMBER (J)

(MS. RASIKA CHAUBE)

MEMBER (A)

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